



ALEXANDRIA.

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 22.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Richmond *Whig* writing from Lynchburg says:

"Your correspondent canvassed the views of some fifteen of our leading and most thinking people Saturday, and was really surprised to find so many of them of the opinion that the meeting of the Legislature was a misfortune, and that the mode of action on the debt question suggested in the Governor's message unwise, and not calculated to meet the emergency or produce any satisfactory result."

The Petersburg *Index-Appel* says: "Our fears as to the inundation of the extra session of the Legislature by private bills have been realized. Already more than two hundred private and local bills have been introduced by small fry statesmen eager for re-election."

The Lynchburg *Advance* says: "There are already more than 200 new bills before the Legislature, which has only been in session five days. What is the use of such tomfoolery as all of that at an extra session called for important and necessary purposes? Why waste their time and attention on the consideration of abstract and minor questions when their whole time and energy should be directed to grave questions of State policy? If this sort of loose proceeding is to continue then we should say that an extra session of the Legislature was entirely unnecessary and its assemblage a great misfortune to the State and to the democratic party."

THE GOVERNOR says if the creditors of Virginia will fund their claims against the State in Riddleberger bonds, "Virginia will act in good faith and will pay her debt." The bonds the creditors now hold carry with them, as security, coupons, the mere tender of which the U. S. Supreme Court has declared shall be a legal payment of all State debts. After Virginia's repudiation of the terms of her two former debt settlements, would it be in accordance with sound common sense for her creditors to surrender such security for her bare and unsecured promise to pay only a portion of her debt? If the Governor held a secured six per cent. interest bearing note on a rich man for one hundred dollars, which that man refused to pay, would he surrender it for a non secured three per cent. one for sixty three dollars, on the same man? And yet that is just what the Governor advises Virginia's creditors to do, but which, of course, if they be like other men, they will not think of doing.

EX SENATOR EATON, of Connecticut, a true blue, old time democrat, the man who, when a candidate for Congress, told the voters "he had no money to give them, and if he had, he wouldn't," when asked the other day what he thought of the democratic outlook for the next Presidency, shook his head suggestively, and said: "I don't like to talk about it. I am a democrat, and I don't like to think about it!" And this only two years after the time when it was thought all the clouds that had lowered upon the democracy had been buried in the ocean of republican defeat, and that the democratic party was "in to stay"! But some democrats still say the man who has caused all this must be renominated. The worst part of this business is the well grounded fear that the injury that has been done the party can not be remedied before the next election, no matter who may lead it in that campaign.

A REPUBLICAN newspaper published in the far Northwest says: "If the people in the South were even half civilized, that section would command the use of three-fourths of all the manufacturing and mining capital in the country at once. It is easy to imagine what the South might have been to-day but for the hatred existing there against all 'foreigners' from the North." And yet the criminal statistics of the country show that the ratio of crime and vice is a great deal less among the white people of the South than among those of the North, and the evidence of the most reliable Northern newspapers discloses no hatred in the South for any, let alone all foreigners, and Northern newspapers afford conclusive evidence that it is only in the North that sectional hatred is still fostered.

UNDER the laws of the republican State of Kansas, women, that is negro women and such white ones as happened to be born in this country, can vote at local elections. The most ignorant negro woman can vote, but the most intelligent white one can not, unless she be a native. Nearly all the negro women in the State have registered, for the coming election there; but only a few of the white women have done so, and the majority of them are known as "soiled doves." The travesties upon the privilege of citizen suffrage enacted in this country have so lessened the value of that privilege that a great many people have ceased to use it, and their number is increasing steadily.

THE PHILADELPHIA *American*, an ultra republican organ, regarding the President's "recognition" of the colored element as a means to the end of creating colored democratic clubs, says: "It is true that a limited body of the freedmen—the Trotters and Matthews of the South—are open to blandishments of this sort. But the practicality of getting them into democratic clubs increases but slowly." The *American* thus shows that it knows a great deal more about the character of the colored people than Mr. Cleveland does.

MR. RANDALL has joined the American Protection Association, the principal object of which is to prevent any reduction in the existing protective tariff. And yet Mr. Randall made a speech a year or two ago, and sent it broadcast throughout the South, in which he took the ground that a protective tariff was contrary to the principles of democratic government, and that protection for protection's sake was incompatible with the Constitution of the country. To say that a democrat is a protectionist is about as logical as to say that a Catholic is a Free Methodist.

MR. WILKINS, a democratic congressman from Ohio, being asked the other day the cause of his transformation from an anti, to a strong Cleveland man, replied: "I've got three appointments hung up at the White House." And it is after listening to the flattery of such men that the President leans back in his chair, and stretching his arms over his head, says "I've done pretty well, considering."

IN THE State Senate yesterday, when a resolution was offered requesting the Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds to inquire into, and, if possible, remedy the seeping defect with the pipes by which the Senate chamber is filled with gas, Mr. Heaton created considerable laughter by remarking that the resolution would cause the expulsion of many of the members.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the ALEX. GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 22, 1887.

A well known democratic politician from the Valley of Virginia, here to day, says General Mahone will not have such an easy time as he evidently thinks he will have, in coming back to the Senate as Mr. Riddleberger's successor, as in case the Democrats lose the legislature, the influence of Senator Riddleberger, Governor Cameron and other leaders in the republican party, who are even more opposed to Mahone than the democrats are, because they have personal reasons for being so, will be strong enough to prevent the General's election. He says he knows that many of the prominent republicans in the State, and among them some who were once the General's staunch supporters, though still on apparent good terms with him, are really his enemies, and when the proper time comes will place their enmity where it will do the most good. Capt. Beattie, of Fairfax county, Va., was in the city to-day. He says he is not, as reported, a candidate for the treasuryship of that county. He says he at one time thought of being an independent candidate for that position, but that when the republican managers there told him he must submit his name to their party convention before they would support him, he told them he would not do so, and that that ended the matter. The Captain was one of Col. Mosby's most gallant and efficient soldiers, and though a republican in national, is independent in local politics. He says he thinks Mr. Sherman will be the republican nominee for the place referred to.

As the time for which Mr. Walker, the republican consul general to Paris, a place worth about twenty thousand dollars, is drawing to a close, and as it would hardly do, with so many democrats applying for it, to reappoint him, the President is casting about for a democratic successor.

The opinion of Dr. Sowers, one of the leading physicians of this city, to the effect that the President's failure to take exercise is injuring his heart, is what everybody who saw him when he first came here and who sees him now knows. Why the President doesn't walk about the city, as other Presidents have done, is as strange as his infatuation with the mugs.

Representative Lee, of the Alexandria district, was here to-day, at the departments, trying to get offices for some of the democratic workers in his district. He is a member of the democratic executive committee of his State, and will go to Richmond to-morrow to attend a called meeting of that committee on the 24th inst., and at that meeting will advise the calling of a State convention of the party before next fall's election, irrespective of the action of the legislature. Mr. Barbour, the chairman of the committee referred to, will leave for Richmond to-night or to-morrow. General Lee says the only thing he knows about his reputed proposed moving to Washington is that he has read in the newspapers, and that how such a report was started he can not tell, as he has no idea of coming here to live.

The President to-day appointed the following collectors of internal revenue: Whitfield Walker, for the district of Florida; D. W. Stewart, for the 2d district of Iowa.

A gentleman who accompanied the Sherman senatorial party to Cuba was at the Capitol this morning. He says that going, the trip was agreeable enough, but that returning it was terrible. The wind, he says, blew a gale, and the ship's rocking was fearful. The party, he says, thought they would never reach land alive, and spent most of the time on their knees, either to their Maker or to the spittoons; indeed, he said, we had a regular p. p. time of it.

Now that the term of the republican postmaster at Portsmouth, Virginia, is drawing to a close, and as several good and efficient democrats have been applicants for the place ever since Mr. Cleveland was inaugurated, it is said at the postoffice department that Senator Daniel has at last been informed that if he will recommend a man for it, it will be given him.

Among the arrivals here to-day is Rev. Dr. Hoge, of Richmond. In reference to an editorial paragraph in yesterday's *GAZETTE*, to the effect that the members of the Virginia legislature should carry his words, "what is morally wrong can not be politically right," pasted in their hats, the Doctor said he had no more to add to those words. Mr. Adams, the book-keeper of the *Star*, who disappeared suddenly and mysteriously a week ago, had not been heard of up to noon to-day. His friends, while fearful that he has been fully dealt with, still hope he may be found in bed in Baltimore recovering from an indiscretion.

Several Virginians from the 8th congressional district were applicants for the place on the House side of the Capitol from which Mr. Arthur Payne, of the same district, was promoted, but it has been given to a Californian.

COURT OF APPEALS YESTERDAY.—Hatchers against Crews. Argued by W. W. Henry, esq., for appellee and Col. J. H. Guy for appellant, and submitted.

Johnson's ex'or against Citizens' Bank. Argued by G. K. Macon, esq., for appellant and Capt. J. A. Pleasant for appellee, and continued until to-morrow.

Wm. Jay Brown against Bank of Abingdon. Writ of error and supersedeas awarded to a judgment of the Circuit Court of Washington county.

Mr. Francis Miller, of Washington, has entered suit against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to recover \$8,000 for injuries sustained in the accident at the "Y" on the 7th instant.

LETTER FROM RICHMOND.

[Special Cor. of the ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.]

RICHMOND, March 21.—The Senate Committee on Roads and Internal Navigation will probably take up the bill introduced by Mr. Bibbs to incorporate the Fredericksburg and Washington Railway Company at to-morrow's session of the committee. The incorporators named in the bill are E. D. Cole, of Fredericksburg, W. L. White, of Stafford, John R. Taylor and George C. Rounds, of Prince William, R. H. Cockrell, of Fairfax, Harold Snowden, of Alexandria, and A. J. Falls, of Washington city. They are asking for a charter to construct a road from the city of Fredericksburg through the counties of Stafford, Prince William, Fairfax and the city and county of Alexandria, to a point on the Potomac river opposite the city of Washington. The capital stock of the company shall not be less than \$300,000 nor more than \$500,000, divided into shares of \$25 each. When \$25,000 shall have been subscribed for, the company shall organize in the mode usually adopted by such companies. The bill authorizes the company to borrow money, but not to exceed \$15,000 for each mile of said road. Furthermore it shall be lawful for the company to lease or hire, or own steamers or steamboats on either or both the Potomac or Rappahannock rivers, to run to or connect with the cities of Norfolk, Baltimore, or either one of them. The company is also empowered to purchase and hold real estate for all the necessary purposes of said railroad or steamboat line. The principal office must be in Virginia, and the road shall be commenced within three years and finished within ten. There does not seem to be any opposition to the bill, and the committee is expected to report it this week.

If a bill which Senator Rhea, of Washington, has introduced, becomes a law, that great American game—draw poker—will receive a black eye in Virginia. The bill has gone to the committee for Courts of Justice and I don't suppose it was read by more than a half dozen persons until to-day, when it came up from the public printer. It is a short bill but to many persons it contains a great deal, and is considered by several legislators as a blow at "personal liberty." The bill prohibits a person from playing at cards or at any other game, except a licensed game, at a public place, or if any person play and bet at a game of cards or any other game at any place, public or private, or if any person bet on the sides of those who play at any game at any place, public or private, he shall be fined not less than \$20 nor more than \$50 for each offense. Playing any game at a place kept and used by any number of persons as a club room or place of resort, shall be deemed a violation of the law and punishable as above stated.

The bill will never become a law. Indeed, it will doubtless be crushed in the committee. "When legislators strike at club room amusement, and particularly at a mild game of poker or seven up," said a member of the judiciary committee to-day, "it is like cutting black gum with a dull case knife." If the bill is reported it will evoke an interesting discussion in the Senate, where there are quite a number of gentlemen who know the value of a flush or full hand.

The bill introduced by Senator Meredith to appropriate one thousand dollars to be expended by the Ladies Memorial Association of Manassas in erecting a good and substantial wall around the Confederate cemetery at Manassas will be considered by the committee some time this week. One great drawback in the way of the passage of this bill is the fact that the legislature are disposed to make any appropriations that can be saved of a while longer.

Senator Butler, of South Carolina, and Col. R. A. Johnson, General Manager of the Charleston, Cincinnati and Chicago Railroad Company, were at the Capitol this evening. They are here looking after the bill introduced giving certain privileges to the company in Virginia. They were to appear before the Committee on Roads this evening, but had not done so up to a late hour, being prevented by several exceedingly windy gentlemen from Chesterfield who are working to get a little pennywise railroad bill favorably reported.

B. P. O.

THE Catholic University. The Pope has approved the plan of the new Catholic university which is to be located in Washington. By his instruction the secretary of the Propaganda waited upon him with a brief fully, heartily and emphatically indorsing the project. In the matter of location, as in other respects, the Pope confidently places the judgment of the bishops, and deposes the institution directly and forever under the sole jurisdiction of the American hierarchy. In the brief endorsing the project are several interesting terms, privileges, "is the pride of our antiquity and the glory of the Church in America." The next brief will be signed by the Pontiff next week. Bishops Ireland and Keane are delighted at this manifestation of cordial approval, and will leave for America as soon as the Pope's decision is received. It is said, that Bishop Keane, of Richmond, will be made president of the university. Rumor has it that his resignation from the See of Richmond has been forwarded to the Vatican, and will soon be accepted. At least it is known the Bishop took such warm leave of friends and organizations in that city, before he set sail for Rome to carry, in obedience to the instructions of the Third Plenary Council, with Bishop Ireland, the prospectus of the new university to the Pope, that a suspicion was set afloat that he would not return there again in his official capacity. Over six hundred thousand dollars have been subscribed so far toward the erection of the institution. It needs only the approbation of the Pope of the plans and the appointment of a president for the institution for building operations to commence in a short time.

For the ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.
To the Survivors of Pickett's Division in Fauquier, Loudoun, and the Adjoining Counties.

Recently an organization has been effected in Richmond, Va., called "Pickett's Division Association," with Capt. William L. Clifton chairman of the executive committee, Charles T. Loehr secretary, and Major J. V. Bidgood treasurer.

Its object is to obtain a roster of "the survivors," collect material for the historian, and at "the reunion" proposed on the 3d day of July, proximo, at Gettysburg, mark with a suitable stone the point on "Cemetery Hill" reached by the division, that future generations may know how "the Virginia Division" kept the faith pledged when their State joined her Southern sisters in the conflict for "self-government" and "constitutional freedom," how they fought and how they died.

To do this, comrades, we must supply the fund necessary, therefore send in your names to Major Bidgood with such contributions, "little" or "much," as you can give, but let every "survivor" give something to "the Memorial Stone to Pickett's men."

Names, with contributions, sent to my friend, R. Taylor Scott, Warrenton, Va., March 20, 1887.

[N. B. County papers will please insert the above.]

A. K. Cutting, who thought that he was going to become a casus belli between this country and Mexico, not very long ago, is now engaged for \$12 per week at reading proof on the *Sadalia Bazar*.

"What's the matter, Tommie?" "Papa, my po-poony has cu-cu-cu-cu foot."

"Fshaw! I don't fret, papa has got a bottle of 'Fshaw Oil'."

This is the month when those troubled with a cough should go for Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The B. and O. Railroad deal is said to be moving along smoothly.

The Fish Commission have hatched out \$5,000,000 codfish this season.

Paymaster D. N. Bash, of the army, has been robbed of \$7,400 near Fort Laramie, Wyoming.

The B. and O. Railroad Company has made appropriations for a school for rail road mechanics.

The grand jury of Baltimore are considering how they can best effect a closing of saloons on Sundays.

Ex Congressman Crapo, of Massachusetts, has declined to be one of the interstate commerce commissioners.

A case of small pox was discovered on board the steamship *Alatnia*, which arrived in New York from Liverpool yesterday.

A Washington physician says if President Cleveland does not take more exercise there is danger that he will not live out his term of office.

The fire at Chautauqua yesterday morning, which destroyed eighty cottages, also burned the magnificent forest trees along the fashionable avenues.

The saw mill and half a million feet of lumber, valued at \$15,000, belonging to W. P. Taylor & Bro., at Winston, N. C., was destroyed by fire last Friday night.

On the 272d ballot at Palestine, Texas, last night, William H. Martin was unanimously nominated for Congress in the second district to succeed Senator elect Reagan.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad completed its arrangements yesterday for the award of contracts for two steel ferryboats for the Staten Island Rapid Transit Railroad Company.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is regularly and steadily making a change in the rails on its lines, which, it is stated, will be highly conducive to comfort, and will, at the same time, be an economic measure. The change makes the rail five pounds heavier to the yard and increases its length proportionately. This has become necessary in consequence of the increased weight of the rolling stock on the road.

Mr. Henry L. Adams, the book-keeper at the office of the Washington *Star*, and one of the administrators of the estate of the late Geo. W. Adams, has been missing for six days. He was at the office on Tuesday last, and had been drinking. On last Tuesday night, about 8 o'clock, he wrote a note to his wife stating that he was going to Baltimore on business, and might not be able to return that night. Since that time nothing has been heard of him, and his friends have become extremely anxious as to his safety.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Dr. W. F. Fisher has been appointed postmaster at Liberty.

Mr. John Blackwell, of Charlottesville, died at Danville yesterday.

The democrats of Augusta will nominate their county ticket by the primary system.

At Major, Grayson county, yesterday Sarah C. Hersh was appointed postmaster in place of Alexander Grubb.

The board of health of Norfolk, has determined to indict the city authorities of Norfolk for failing to protect the health of the people.

A negro named Moses Miller choked his wife to death, in Lynchburg last night and then cut his own throat. It is possible he may recover. Jealousy is assigned as the cause.

A frame dwelling near Long Ridge, Norfolk county, owned and occupied by Samuel Johnson, was accidentally destroyed by fire with its contents Sunday night while the family were away at church. There was no insurance.

The State Sportsman's Association has appointed Judge C. P. Latam, of Lynchburg; Marshal McCormick, of Berryville; P. H. O'Bannon, of Sperryville; W. O. Walton, of Charlottesville; and John L. Grubbs, of Richmond, a committee to revise the game and fish laws of Virginia.

The 18-year-old daughter of Boyd Walton, living near Free Union, in Albemarle county, was shot by a young man named Patterson yesterday. It is claimed that the shooting was accidental. The ball lodged in the young lady's brain, producing partial paralysis.

Senator Butler, of South Carolina, appeared before the committee on railroads of the House of Delegates yesterday, in the interest of a bill pending in that body to allow the Chicago, Cincinnati and Charleston Railroad to run through this State. Other measures occupied the attention of the committee and the Senator could not be heard, but will be to-day.

Mr. Wise, republican, has introduced a bill in the House of Delegates providing for the appointment by the Circuit Court of State supervisors of election. The bill provides that upon the petition of ten citizens the circuit judges shall appoint supervisors for each voting precinct in the cities and counties. It is proposed to give these officers authority somewhat similar to that of federal supervisors of elections.

Messrs. W. E. Perry, Harman Newberry and Joseph Straus have sold their "Round Mountain" property in Bland county to C. G. Holland, of Danville, Va., President of the Virginia and Kentucky railroad, for the sum of \$125,000. A cash payment of \$15,000 was made up on the same. The tract embraces about 35,000 acres, nearly all of which is covered with original forest growth.

A bold attempt was made on Sunday night to rob Mr. Gold Silliman on the Broad street road, in Henrico county, near Richmond. Two highwaymen stopped Mr. Silliman, and demanded his money. One of the robbers held Mr. S's horse. Silliman struck his horse and endeavored to drive off. The confederate struck the occupant of the buggy a severe blow with a heavy stick, but Mr. Silliman escaped without further injury.

At the caucus of the democratic members of the Legislature last night the various debt measures were discussed, but it was agreed that no vote should be taken until an opportunity was offered for each member who desired to do so to be heard. Mr. Rhea's proposition to amend to the constitution prohibiting the payment of principle or interest of the debt not funded in new three in a given time, was discussed. Lieutenant Governor Massey favored this proposition, but in the meantime desired to stop funding after six months' notice to bondholders. The conference commission was also discussed. The sentiment seems to be that the resolutions for the appointment of the commission and the constitutional amendment could go hand in hand.

From Sassafras, Kent Co., Md.—I find I sell as much of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup as of all other cough remedies combined. J. E. HARTLEY, Duggist.

Beware of counterfeits!—Be sure you get the genuine Salvation Oil. Have no "just as good."

THE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF VIRGINIA, Richmond, has but one life insurance company (The Life Insurance Company of Virginia), which is one of the leading financial institutions of the State, and is entitled to the highest consideration for prudent, conservative and satisfactory management.—Richmond State.

Winter appears to linger.



ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

From Richmond.

[Special dispatch to the ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.]

RICHMOND, March 22.—The bill providing for a charter for the Fredericksburg Street Railway Co. was ordered to engrossment in the House to-day.

The House passed the Senate bill allowing the Norfolk and Western road to increase its capital stock.

The first partisan debate of the extra session took place in the House to-day, growing out of the introduction of a resolution to examine into the condition of Blacksburg College. It evoked an interesting colloquy between Delegates Cardwell and Hoge, both democrats, and wound up with an attack upon the democratic party by Messrs. Waddill and Mayo. The resolution was voted down, but the vote was not strictly partisan.

The Senate bill legalizing the issuance of \$400,000 worth of stock by the West Point Terminal Railway was passed by the Senate to-day. Some slight objection was made to it.

Senator Butler, of South Carolina, will appear before the Senate Committee on Roads this afternoon in behalf of the bill giving privileges to the Charleston, Cincinnati and Ohio Railroad. He wants the road to enter Virginia at Scott county, while others want it to go through Bristol.

The resolution to print five hundred copies of the new code was adopted by the House.

B. P. O.

Election of Directors.

PHILADELPHIA, Mar. 22.—The annual election for directors of the Pennsylvania railroad company is in progress at the office of the company to-day. There is no opposition to the present board, all of whom will be re-elected. The only notable incident was the appearance this morning of Clarence Carey, of Carey & Whitebridge, New York attorneys for the so-called London committee that demanded a distribution of the company's surplus. He presented half a dozen proxies but was told he could only vote three in his own name, as there was a state law against it. He handed the proxies in and when it was found that they were not regularly executed, having no legal acknowledgment, they were refused. The lawyer said he expected that decision.

The polls close at 6 o'clock this evening.

U. S. Treasurer's Statement.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 22.—The statement of the U. S. Treasurer shows gold, silver, U. S. notes and national bank notes in the Treasury, to-day as follows: Gold coin and bullion, \$276,063,407; silver dollars and bullion, \$235,373,409; fractional silver coin, \$26,623,817; U. S. notes, \$29,202,821; national bank notes, \$184,357; national bank notes in process of redemption, \$2,406,404; deposits with national bank depositaries, \$14,489,070. Total, \$554,343,285. Certificates, outstanding: Gold, \$98,453,005; silver, \$127,484,034; currency, \$6,675,000. The receipts from internal revenue to-day were \$201,896; and from customs, \$821,442. The national bank notes received for redemption amount to \$206,000.

Effects of the Storm.

NEW YORK, March 22.—The rain, sleet and snow storm has prostrated the telegraph wires in all directions and transmission of dispatches is much delayed. Communication with the west is almost cut off. Chicago, Detroit, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Cleveland, Toledo, Louisville and Indianapolis are entirely out of sight. South of Washington there is also a temporary suspension of telegraphing. Rain, sleet and snow have fallen at Boston, Albany, Buffalo, Cleveland and Philadelphia.

Emperor William's Birthday.

LONDON, March 22.—Count von Hatzfeldt, the German ambassador, will give a banquet at the embassy to-night to celebrate the birthday of Emperor William.

PARIS, March 22.—Count von Munster, the German ambassador, held a reception last night in honor of the Emperor, and the occasion proved of exceptional interest and brilliancy. The countess was ill and did not appear.

An All-night Session.

LONDON, Mar. 22.—6 a. m.—The House of Commons has been sitting all night and is still in session. The government has been trying to dispose of the naval and civil service bills, but the home rule members by obstruction have prevented any action being taken. Two hundred and sixty members are present. There is no prospect of an adjournment.

Trial of Ex-Alderman Cleary.

NEW YORK, March 22.—A large crowd filled the court room this morning where ex-Alderman Cleary is on trial for bribery in connection with the Broadway R. R. franchise. The cross examination of Cleary, the defendant, by Mr. Nicoll of the prosecution was continued.

Must Use Chinese Labor.

SHANGHAI, March 22.—Foreign promoters of a project to build a railway joining Lotatitka to Tientsen are much chagrined because Li Hung Chang has sanctioned a proposal that Chinese labor must be used in the construction of the road.

Pulling Down the Walls.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 22.—A large force of men were kept busy at work all forenoon pulling down the most dangerous portions of the Richmond Hotel walls.

From Sassafras, Kent Co., Md.—I find I sell as much of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup as of all other cough remedies combined. J. E. HARTLEY, Duggist.

Beware of counterfeits!—Be sure you get the genuine Salvation Oil. Have no "just as good."

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Legislative.

In the State Senate yesterday a bill was introduced by Mr. Heaton to amend an act to incorporate the Virginia Marble Quarry Co., and to add additional sections thereto.

The bill in regard to the pay and mileage of judges, providing that the judges of circuit courts shall receive \$2,500 per annum, except in the Seventh and Thirteenth circuits, where \$2,800 shall be paid; also, that the mileage of Circuit and Supreme Court judges shall be increased from 10 to 20 cents, caused a long debate, after which an amendment, was adopted, restoring the salaries to what they formerly were—\$2,000 and \$2,300.

The Senate refused to order the bill to its engrossment, but subsequently this vote was reconsidered, and the subject passed on.

In the House of Delegates bills were reported to incorporate the Shenandoah Lumber and Anthracite Coal Company; to incorporate the Alexandria Real Estate Investment, Trust and Title Company; for the protection of sheep in Cedarville district, Warren county, by a tax upon dogs, and to incorporate the Staunton Chamber of Commerce.

Bills were introduced to amend the charter of the Virginia Marble Quarry Co., of Loudoun; to amend an act to allow the people of Fredericksburg to supply gas or electric light and issue bonds for same.

MR. ROYALL IN JAIL.—The case of Mr. William L. Royall, who was indicted for intimidating the grand jury, came up for trial in the Hustings Court of Richmond, yesterday. Mr. Royall filed a special plea containing a summary of the facts upon which the defence relied as a justification of his course in proceeding against the grand jury, which was rejected. They then filed a plea to the jurisdiction. A jury was empaneled and the case was argued upon an agreed statement of facts, after which the court instructed the jury that if they believed from all the evidence in the case that the stirs were brought and the newspaper publications were made for the purpose of intimidating and impeding the grand jury of the February term of the court from proceeding against the accused, then they must find the defendant guilty; and the jury were further instructed, in arriving at their verdict, that in law every man is presumed to intend the natural and probable consequences of his own acts. The jury after an absence of twenty minutes returned with a verdict of guilty, and assessed Mr. Royall's fine at \$150. The defence moved to set aside the verdict, which motion was overruled.

Mr. Royall will not pay the fine, but will apply to Judge Bond for a writ of habeas corpus, and will take the case to the Supreme Court of the United States. He was placed in custody of the City Sergeant, and confined in jail.

Judge Bond arrived in the city last night from the North.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething, is the prescription of one of the best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. During the process of teething its value is incalculable. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhea, griping in the bowels, and wind-colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25 cents a bottle. m-15-171M-Was

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 22.—The opening of the stock market this morning presented the same dullness and lack of interest, and was generally heavy, most stocks being from 1/8 to 3/4 per cent. below last evening's final figures. Further slight declines were made in the early dealings, which ranged up to 1/2 per cent.